

5TH AUTOMATIONML PLUGFEST

Semantic and Pragmatic Interoperability via AutomationML

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Outline

- The Interoperability Requirement
- Semantic and Pragmatic Interoperability
- Solution approach using Reference Class Library
- Middleware for Reference Class Library

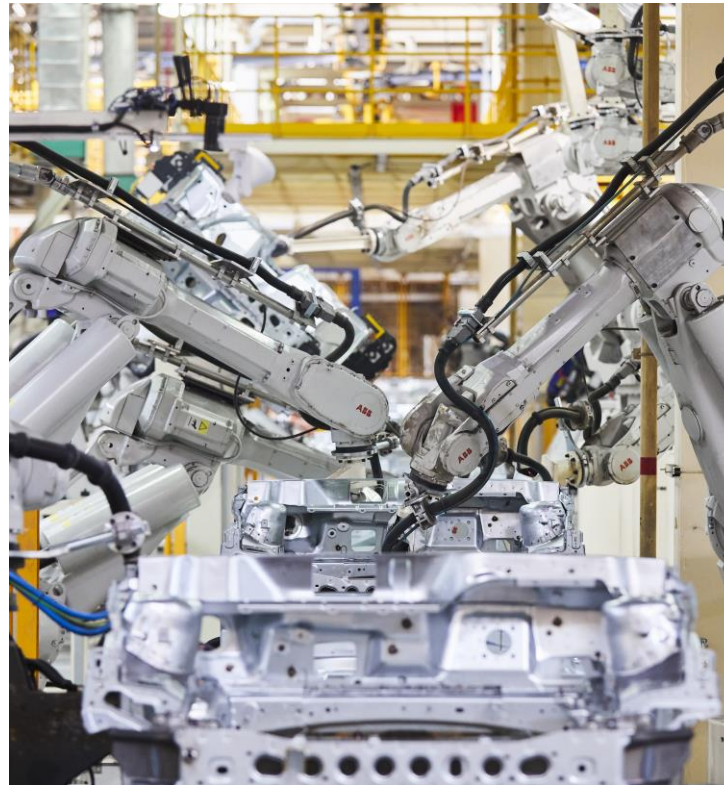
Engineering Tools

Interoperability Requirement

Background

Typical industrial product involves multiple activities during its engineering such as bidding, design, configuration, simulation, testing and commissioning.

- Collaboration requires not only verbal communication but also **interoperability of heterogeneous tools**
- Beyond syntax: alignment on data **meaning** and **utility** are required for meaningful interoperability



Engineering Tools

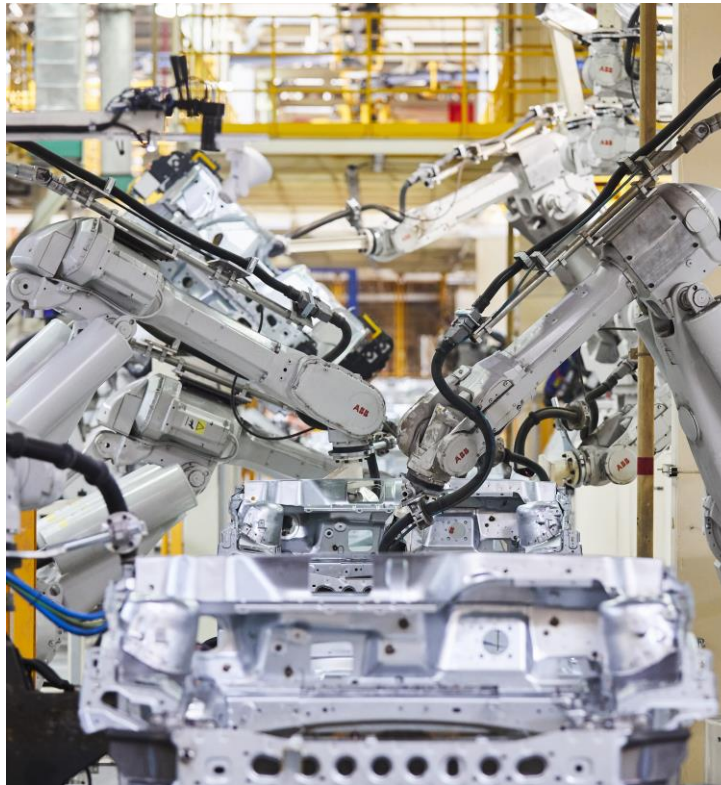
Interoperability Requirement

Motivation

Heterogeneity is a fact of life and ever increasing...

GOAL: Achieve meaningful interoperability

- Without assuming predefined semantic standard or transformation language
- Without introducing changes in the original tool data models



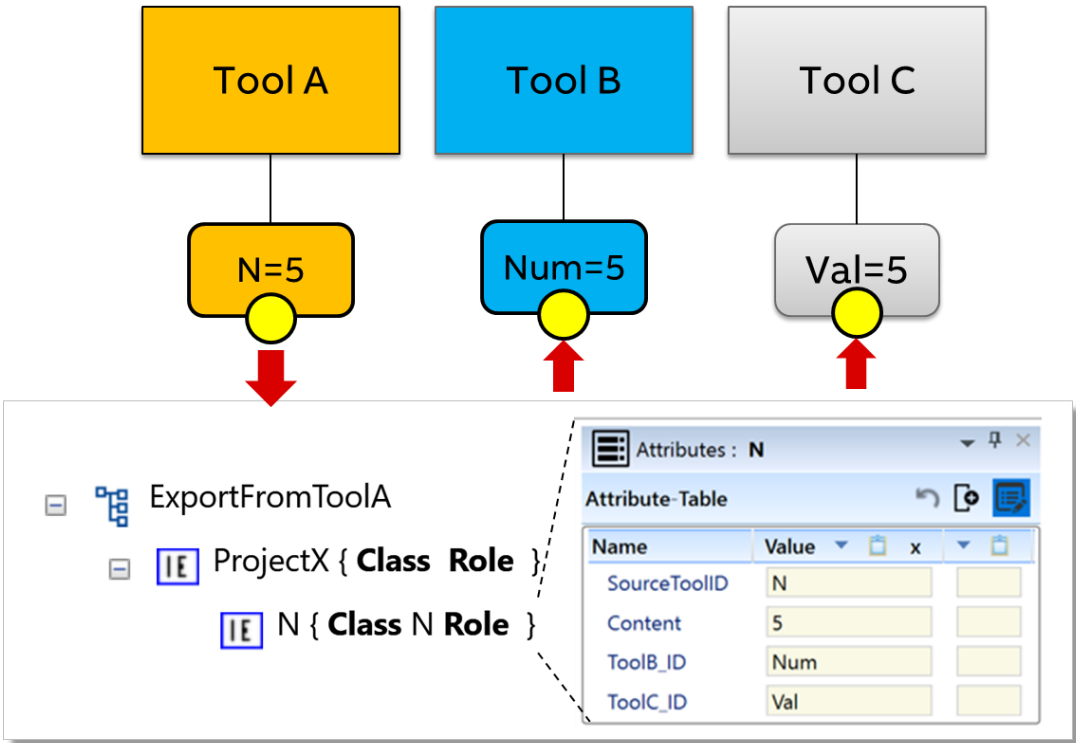
Simple Semantic Alignments

What we already do and why

Comparison of different mapping approaches

	Standardizing data model of the tools	Mapping in exporters or importers	Mapping in the intermediate data model
Tools remain unchanged		✓	✓
Tools innovate independently		✓	✓
Generic exporters and importers	✓		✓
Flexible and extensible mappings			✓

1:1 Semantic Mappings in AutomationML-based Model

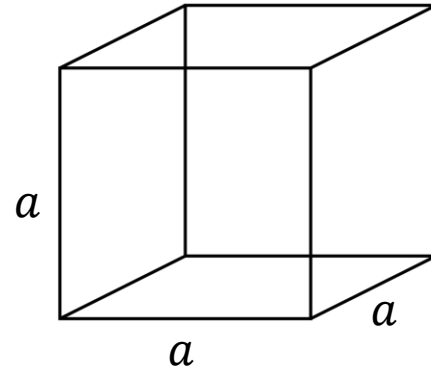


Moving towards Complex Semantic Alignments

Alignment on the meaning of data

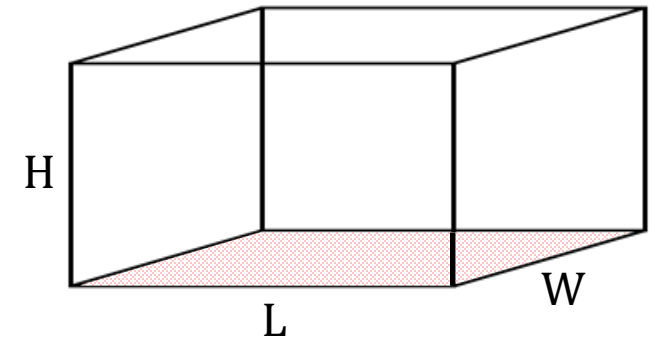
Tool A:

- a is the length parameter of a cube
- $SA = 6a^2$
- $V = a^3$



Tool B:

- L, W, H are the length, width, and height parameters respectively of a rectangular solid



Examples of Semantic Correspondences between Tools A and B:

Length: $a \sim L$

Base Area: $a^2 \sim L * W$

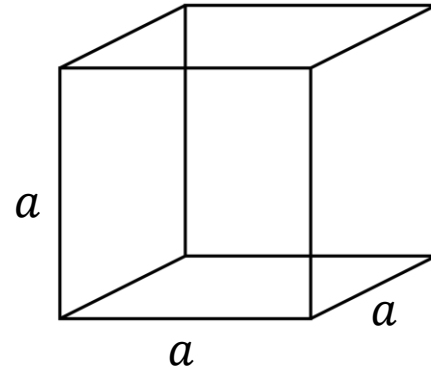
Alignment on the meaning of data

Pragmatic Interoperability

Alignment on the utility of data

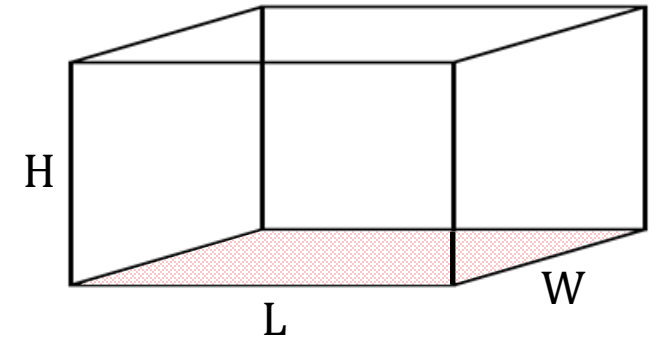
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Examples of Pragmatic alignments for Tool B → Tool A data transfer:

Volume preservation:

$$a = \left(\sqrt[3]{BA * H} \right)$$

OR

Surface Area preservation:

$$a = \sqrt{\frac{BA + H * W + L * H}{3}}$$

Alignment on the utility of data

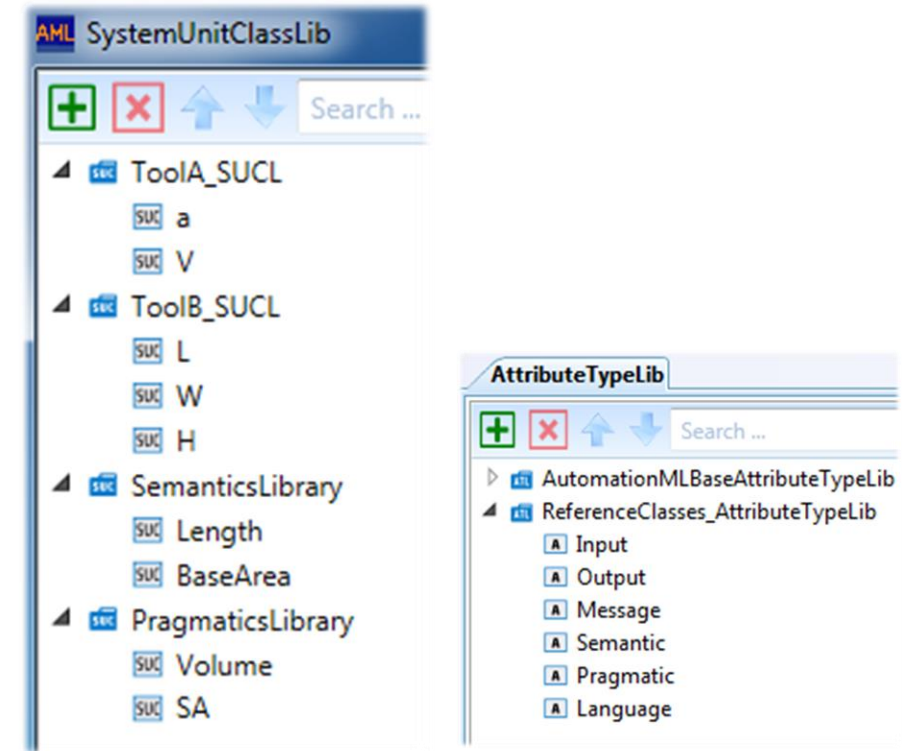
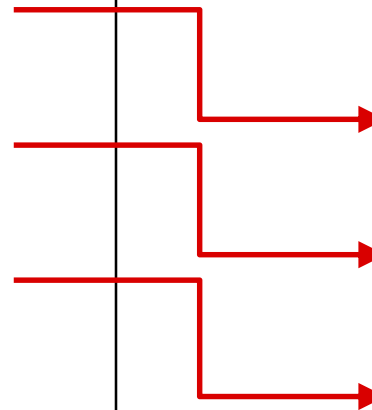
Introducing the Reference Class Library

Encoding Semantic and Pragmatic Interoperability Alignments outside participating tools

The **Reference Class Library** is an evolving interoperability knowledge base implemented in AutomationML

- As a collection of System Unit Class Libraries and custom Attribute Types
- Containing type information for individual tool data models in original tool semantics (auto-generated)
- With a Semantics Library for storing semantic alignments between the tools
- With Pragmatics Library for storing pragmatic alignments between the tools

References to types use their paths as identification, e.g. element type *a* in Tool A is identified by *ToolA_SUCL/a*

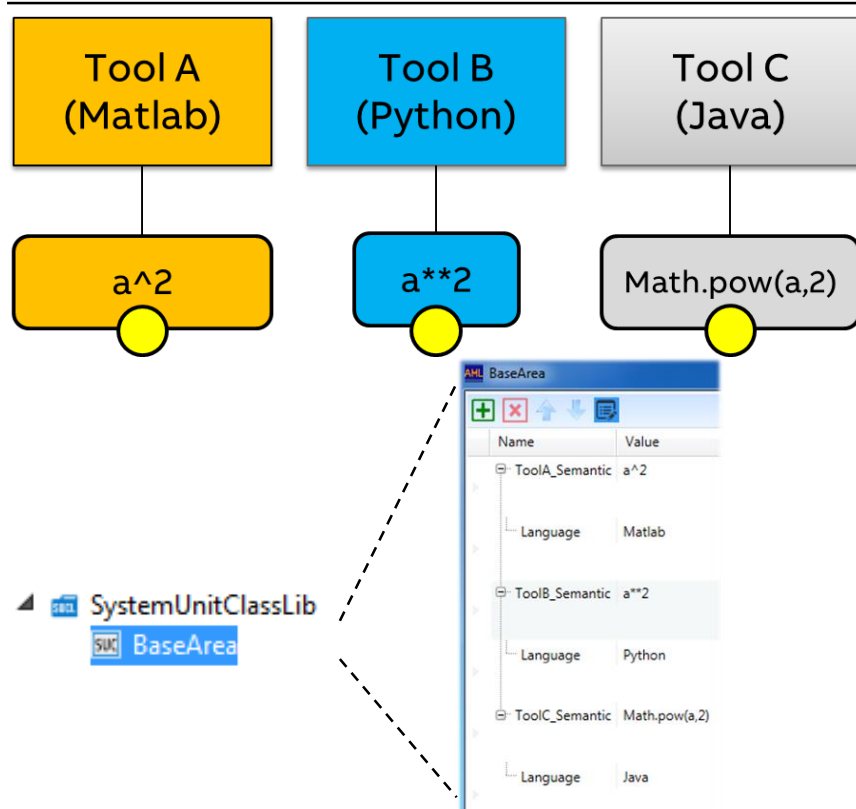


Example of a Reference Class Library

Dealing with heterogeneous tool languages

Transformations in Semantic and Pragmatic Interoperability

Mapping Heterogeneous Tool Languages

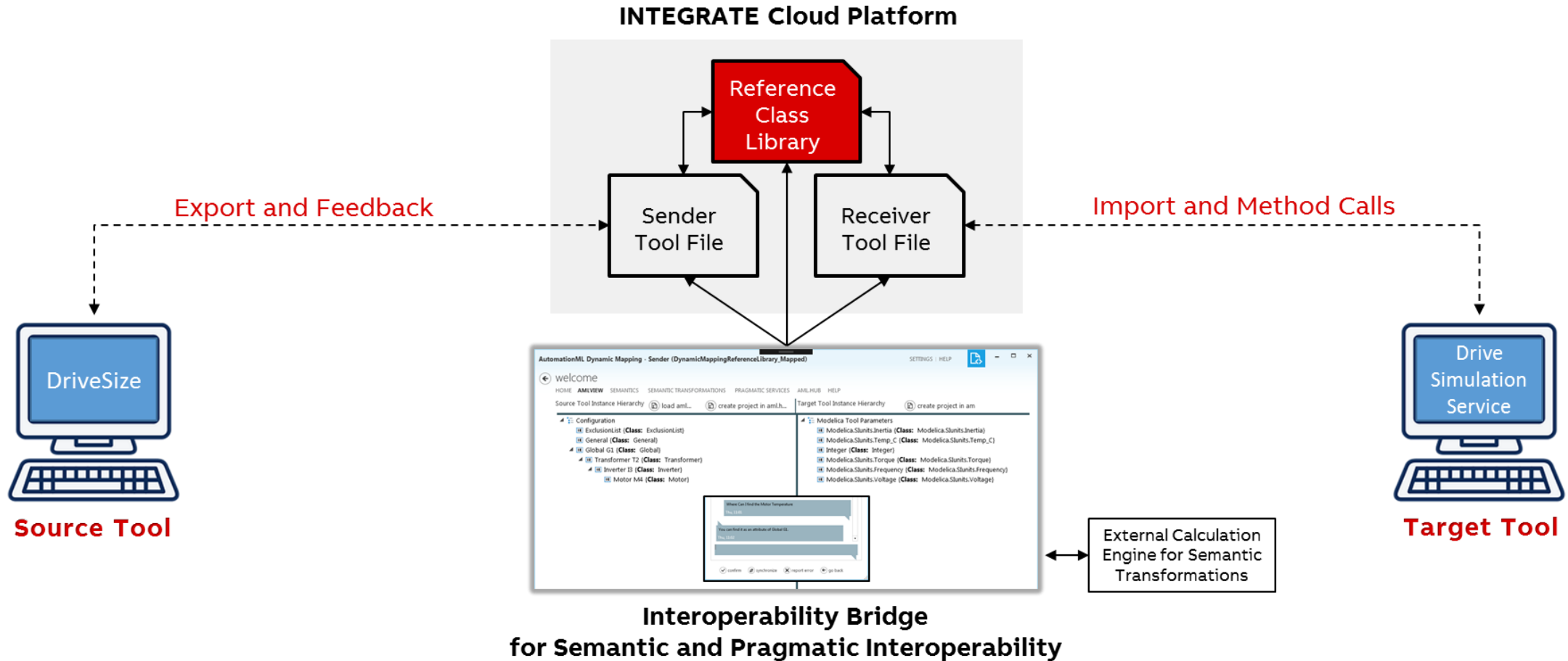


Encoding processing language within the intermediate model allows flexibility and transparency, while offering the same benefits as before:

- Tools remain unchanged
- Tools innovate independently
- Generic exporters and importers
- Flexible and extensible mappings

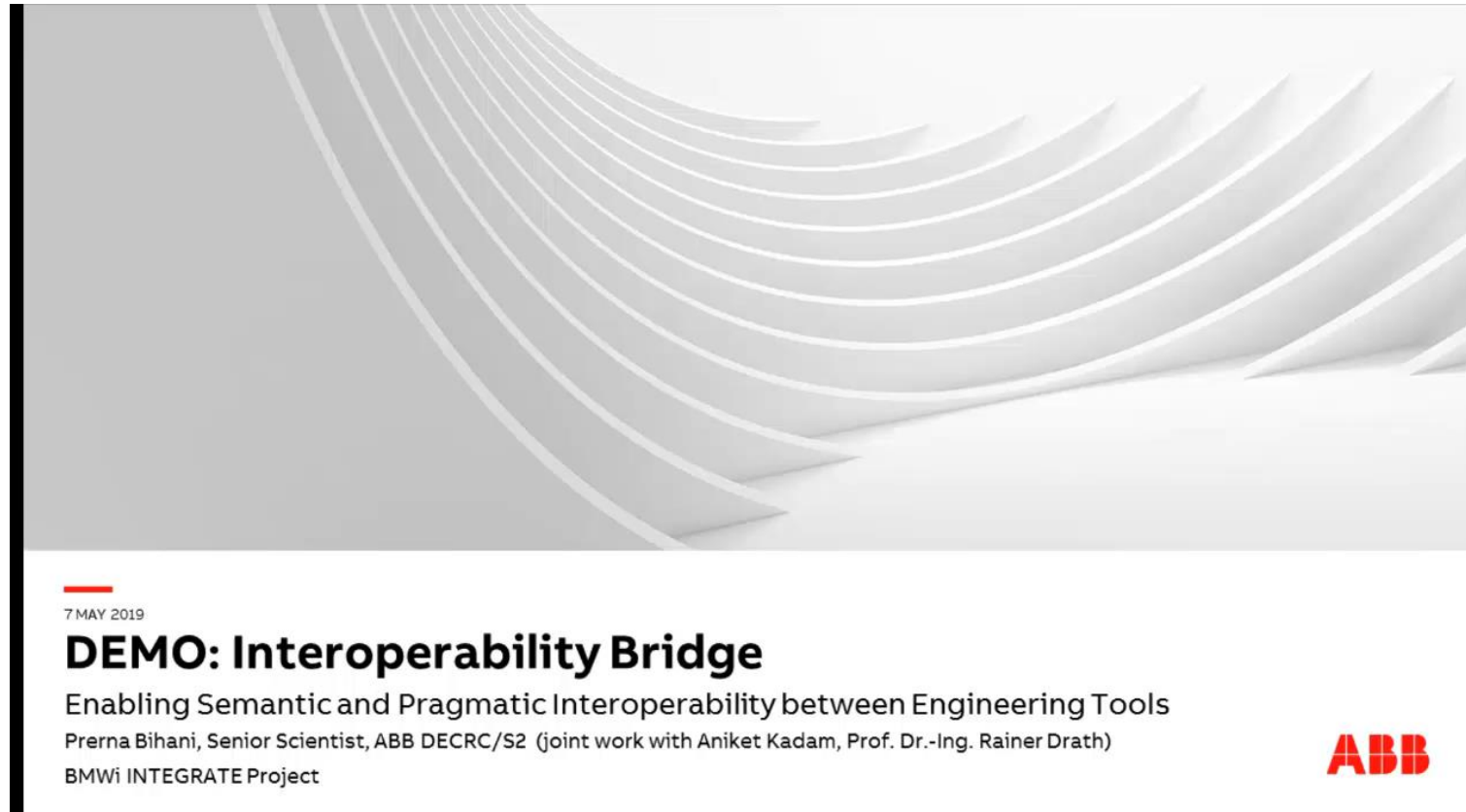
Application to Feedback-based Dimensioning of Industrial Drives*

Overview of Architecture with Middleware



Application to Feedback-based Dimensioning of Industrial Drives*

Video Demo



Benefits of Our Method

- No predefined semantic standard or transformation language required
- Interactive data discovery and creation of interoperability mappings
- Complex semantic mappings and flexible, external processing
- Enabling of Pragmatic Interoperability
- Simple architecture
- Collaborative Engineering “on the fly”

ABB